Women/Maternal Health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Women/Maternal Health - Entry 1

Priority Need

Reduce Infant Mortality

NPM

NPM 2 - Percent of cesarean deliveries among low-risk first births

Objectives

Reduce the number of cesarean deliveries among low-risk first births

Strategies

Strategy 1: Support quality improvement efforts (e.g. patient safety bundles) to identify and address areas of improvement for hospitals to decrease % low risk cesarean deliveries.

Strategy 2: Provide payment disincentives for early elective, non-medically indicated and low-risk cesarean deliveries (e.g. equalize payment for low-risk vaginal and cesarean births)

NOMs

NOM 2 - Rate of severe maternal morbidity per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations

NOM 3 - Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Women/Maternal Health - Entry 2

Priority Need

Improve access to and promote use of effective family planning

Objectives

Increase access to provide immediate postpartum long acting reversible contraceptives (LARCs) in hospitals.

Strategies

Apply to participate in learning collaborative on LARC. • ESM: Convene stakeholder workgroup • ESM: Completed application

Work with Medicaid and private payers to increase education on coverage and reimbursement for immediate postpartum LARCs • ESM: Bulletin describing coverage and reimbursement created

Develop LARC toolkit and work with the Wyoming Hospital Association (WHA) for distribution. • ESM: Toolkit created • ESM: # toolkits distributed

Perinatal/Infant Health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Perinatal/Infant Health - Entry 1

Priority Need

Improve breastfeeding duration

NPM

NPM 4 - A) Percent of infants who are ever breastfed and B) Percent of infants breastfed exclusively through 6 months

Objectives

To increase the proportion of infants who are breastfed and who are breastfed at six months

Strategies

Complete environmental scan of available state and local level breastfeeding support resources; Develop and disseminate a resource directory of local lactation support services; and develop mini-grant program for hospitals participating in the Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative or other approved breastfeeding friendly program.

NOMs

NOM 9.3 - Post neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births

NOM 9.5 - Sleep-related Sudden Unexpected Infant Death (SUID) rate per 100,000 live births

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Perinatal/Infant Health - Entry 2		
Priority Need		
Reduce Infant Mortality		

Objectives

To ensure that higher risk mothers and newborns deliver at appropriate level hospitals

Strategies

Use LOCATe results to inform quality of improvement for identified hospitals, focusing on all levels.

Build capacity for development of a perinatal quality collaborative.

Child Health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Child Health - Entry 1

Priority Need

Reduce and prevent childhood obesity

NPM

NPM 8 - Percent of children ages 6 through 11 and adolescents 12 through 17 who are physically active at least 60 minutes per day

Objectives

To increase the number of children and adolescents who are physically active

Strategies

Support development of a healthy schools coalition with a focus on improving nutrition, physical activity and overall child health.

NOMs

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

NOM 20 - Percent of children and adolescents who are overweight or obese (BMI at or above the 85th percentile)

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Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

NPM

NPM 6 - Percent of children, ages 10 through 71 months, receiving a developmental screening using a parent-completed screening tool

Objectives

Increase the number of children who receive a developmental screening

Strategies

Support Help Me Grow activities to make developmental screening tools accessible to families

NOMs

NOM 13 - Percent of children meeting the criteria developed for school readiness (DEVELOPMENTAL)

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Child Health - Entry 3		
Priority Need		
Prevent injury in children		
Objectives		

Strategies

Support Safe Kids with targeted interventions to address the three major causes of injury/hospitalizations in Wyoming.

To decrease the number of hospital admissions for non-fatal injury among children ages 0 through 19

Adolescent Health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Adolescent Health - Entry 1

Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

NPM

NPM 10 - Percent of adolescents, ages 12 through 17, with a preventive medical visit in the past year.

Objectives

Increase the number of adolescents with a preventive medical visit in the past year.

Strategies

Promote the Adolescent Champion Model through mini-grants to health care providers

NOMs

- NOM 16.1 Adolescent mortality rate ages 10 through 19 per 100,000
- NOM 16.2 Adolescent motor vehicle mortality rate, ages 15 through 19 per 100,000
- NOM 16.3 Adolescent suicide rate, ages 15 through 19 per 100,000
- NOM 18 Percent of children with a mental/behavioral condition who receive treatment or counseling
- NOM 19 Percent of children in excellent or very good health
- NOM 20 Percent of children and adolescents who are overweight or obese (BMI at or above the 85th percentile)
- NOM 22.2 Percent of children 6 months through 17 years who are vaccinated annually against seasonal influenza
- NOM 22.3 Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the HPV vaccine
- NOM 22.4 Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the Tdap vaccine
- NOM 22.5 Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the meningococcal conjugate vaccine

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Priority Need

Promote healthy and safe relationships in adolescents

Objectives

Increase the number of teens reporting 0 occasions of alcohol use in the past 30 days

Strategies

Implement Communities That Care Program in select Wyoming communities

Children with Special Health Care Needs

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Children with Special Health Care Needs - Entry 1

Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

NPM

NPM 11 - Percent of children with and without special health care needs having a medical home

Objectives

Increase number of children with and without special health care needs having a medical home

Strategies

Support medical practices with technical assistance to develop and implement Family Engagement policies

Conduct outreach to families about availability and benefits of the medical home through Parent Leadership Training Institute.

NOMs

NOM 17.2 - Percent of children with special health care needs (CSHCN) receiving care in a well-functioning system

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

NOM 22.1 - Percent of children ages 19 through 35 months, who completed the combined 7-vaccine series (4:3:1:3*:3:1:4)

NOM 22.2 - Percent of children 6 months through 17 years who are vaccinated annually against seasonal influenza

NOM 22.3 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the HPV vaccine

NOM 22.4 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the Tdap vaccine

NOM 22.5 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the meningococcal conjugate vaccine

State Action Plan Table	Wyoming) - Children with	Special Health Care Needs - Entr	V 2

Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

NPM

NPM 12 - Percent of adolescents with and without special health care needs who received services necessary to make transitions to adult health care

Objectives

Increase percent of children with and without special health care needs who received services necessary to make transitions to adult health care

Strategies

Develop a state-level adolescent provider team.

NOMs

NOM 17.2 - Percent of children with special health care needs (CSHCN) receiving care in a well-functioning system

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Cross-Cutting/Life Course - Entry 1

Priority Need

Reduce Infant Mortality

NPM

NPM 14 - A) Percent of women who smoke during pregnancy and B) Percent of children who live in households where someone smokes

Objectives

1. Decrease number of women who smoke during pregnancy 2. Decrease number of households where someone smokes

Strategies

Work with WDH Tobacco Program and the WY Quitline to inform development of pregnancy and American Indian-focused Quitline media materials

Work with tribal tobacco program to develop strategies for smoking cessation during pregnancy.

NOMs

- NOM 2 Rate of severe maternal morbidity per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations
- NOM 3 Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births
- NOM 4.1 Percent of low birth weight deliveries (<2,500 grams)
- NOM 4.2 Percent of very low birth weight deliveries (<1,500 grams)
- NOM 4.3 Percent of moderately low birth weight deliveries (1,500-2,499 grams)
- NOM 5.1 Percent of preterm births (<37 weeks)
- NOM 5.2 Percent of early preterm births (<34 weeks)
- NOM 5.3 Percent of late preterm births (34-36 weeks)
- NOM 6 Percent of early term births (37, 38 weeks)
- NOM 8 Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births plus fetal deaths
- NOM 9.1 Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births
- NOM 9.2 Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births
- NOM 9.3 Post neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births
- NOM 9.4 Preterm-related mortality rate per 100,000 live births
- NOM 9.5 Sleep-related Sudden Unexpected Infant Death (SUID) rate per 100,000 live births
- NOM 19 Percent of children in excellent or very good health